

A AIMR Main Building

B AIMR Laboratory Building

C AIMR Annex Building

On foot

About 15 mins walk from the West Exit of

Take the Tozai Line from Sendai Sta. to Aobadori Ichibancho Sta., or take the Namboku Line from Sendai Sta. to Itsutsubashi Sta. Walk from either of the stations to Katahira Campus about 10 mins.

About 10 mins by taxi from Sendai Sta. to the

North Gate of Katahira Campus.

Take a city bus bound for either Yagiyama-Dobutsu-Koen, Midorigaoka-3-chome or Nishi-Koukou-Iriguchi via Otamava-bashi at Sendai Sta. and get off at Tohoku-dai-Sei-



Strategic Public Relations Office

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AIMR, Tohoku University



https://www.wpi-aimr.tohoku.ac.jp/en/





Bringing =

dvanced Materials Science

to the World











Devices/Systems





Overview of AIMR

The Advanced Institute for Materials Research (AIMR) at Tohoku University was launched as one of the centers established by the World Premier International Research Center Initiative (WPI) with the support of the Japanese Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), aimed at developing world-class research bases in Japan. After its establishment in 2007, AIMR has advanced the WPI's four basic objectives: advancing top-level research, creating interdisciplinary domains, establishing international research environments, and reforming research organizations. As a result, it has established a research center for materials science that attracts outstanding researchers from all over the world. In 2017, AIMR became a member of the WPI Academy. It has maintained world-class research standards as it promotes efforts to accelerate and expand the global circulation of the world's best brains.

Main Characteristics -

- Collaboration between materials science and mathematics at the research institute level. which is the first such attempt in the world
- An international research environment with researchers coming from around the world; over 50 percent of the researchers are from overseas
- Comprehensive English language support, including for administrative procedures
- · Provision of an ideal research environment in all areas, including research equipment and grants

Message from the Director

A wide array of materials including metals, semiconductors, ceramics, and polymers contribute to modern technologies in every field from energy to ICT, medicine, healthcare, and high-speed transport, and many technological domains have developed together with the creation of advanced materials. Progress in materials science will continue to be essential as an academic platform for acceleration of such materials creation.

With support from the World Premier International Research Center Initiative (WPI), the Advanced Institute for Materials Research (AIMR) aims to contribute to society through the creation of innovative materials. Founded in 2007, AIMR brings together international researchers in materials science, physics, chemistry, mathematics, and other fields. Since its establishment, AIMR has advanced top-level research in each of its research fields and conducted interdisciplinary research. In 2012, AIMR appointed the mathematician Professor Motoko Kotani as director and started the collaboration between mathematics and materials science with a view to identifying universal principles common to different material systems. Working together under one roof, materials scientists and a wide range of mathematicians spanning pure and applied mathematics have achieved major successes and continue to build new academic platforms for materials science based on predictions.

As well as further reinforcing AIMR's unique academic foundations as a WPI Academy member, by developing actual technological fields in concert with cutting-edge

technologies in areas such as measurement, we will create materials that make a genuine contribution to society. Through such interdisciplinary research we will also develop young researchers from Japan and abroad who have diverse skills and promote multi-faceted international ties to provide powerful impetus to the global advanced materials science.

Considering that Tohoku University in 2022 marked the 115th year since its founding, AIMR at 17 years old is still relatively young. Since its establishment, a Director-led top-down decision-making approach was introduced, a basic WPI concept, and various system reforms have been carried out. AIMR has made many advanced efforts, such as the introduction of a new human resources system and provision of diverse support programs for international researchers. The sharing and utilization of AIMR accomplishments are helping to strengthen the globalization and research capabilities of the entire University. We intend to continue going ahead steadfastly as a part of Tohoku University.

AIMR is striving to bring advanced materials science to the world. I look forward to your continued support for us.

Shin-ichi ORIMO

Materials Research (AIMR)



What's WPI



Research institutes that are recognized as key centers in their fields of research are found around the world. These include Bio-X in Stanford University and the MIT Media Lab (Massachusetts Institute of Technology). Talented and capable human resources flow continuously into these global bases, bringing about further development, and giving rise to a cycle of ideal feedback.

The Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT) recognizes that the establishment of such global bases is vital to the future maintenance and

improvement of science and technology standards in Japan. To that end, it initiated the World Premier International Research Center Initiative (WPI) in 2007. The research bases established under the WPI are known as "WPI centers." AIMR is one of the centers selected and established under its initiative.

Kyushu University

Research Groups

(https://www.wpi-aimr.tohoku.ac.jp/en/research/researcher/)



Materials Physics Group



Takafumi Sato

- Topological insulators and semimetals
- Unconventional superconductors with high Tc
- 2D materials with a few layer thickness



Gerrit E.-W. Bauer

- Theoretical solid state physics
- Spintronics and ferronics
- Nanomagnetism



Yong P. Chen

Purdue University/ Aarhus University

- 2D materials (including graphene)
- Topological quantum materials
- Spintronics, magnetism and superconductivity



Yuichi Ikuhara

The University of Tokyo

- Atomic resolution scanning transmission electron
- Crystal interface and grain boundary ■ Grain boundary geometry and mathematics



Tomoki Ozawa

- Condensed matter theory of synthetic quantum
- Theory of atomic, molecular, and optical physics Universality of topological insulator physics



Eiji Saitoh

The University of Tokyo

- Spin caloritronics
- Quantum Al



Alexander L. Shluger

- Insulating thin films and 2D materials
- Point defects and interfaces
- Theoretical modelling



Qikun Xue

Tsinghua University

- 2D materials and superconductivity
- Low energy consumption electronics

Non-equilibrium Materials Group



A. Lindsay Greer

University of Cambridge

Pohang University of

- The Glassy State
- Phase-change kinetics
- Record-breaking mechanical properties



Toshiaki Kato

- Synthesis of atomically precise 1D and 2D materials
- Integrated-quantum device
- Highly-transparent and ultra-lightweight solar cell



Hyoung Seop Kim

- Science and Technology ■ High entropy alloys
- Metal additive manufacturing and heterostructuring ■ Computing &AI for metal thermo-mechanical behaviors



Dmitri Louzguine

- Liquid structure, fragility and crystallization
- Structural rejuvenation
- Ultrahigh-strength and bio-materials

Soft Materials Group



Tadafumi Adschiri

- Supercritical hydrothermal reaction
- Nano-catalysts
- Process science for nanomaterials



Ayumi Hirano-Iwata

- Artificial cell membrane sensors
- Reconstitution of neuronal network
- Nano-bio hybrid devices



Reiko Oda

University of Bordeaux

- Colloid/Supramolecular chemistry
- Molecular assembly



Thomas P. Russell

University of Massachusetts

- Interfacial assembly
 - Structured liquids



Kazuo Takimiya

- Organic semiconductor
- Energy devices
- Molecular-crystal engineering

Device/System Group



Leader

Shigemi Mizukami

- Spintronics
- Ultrafast optics
- Terahertz wave



Shunsuke Fukami

- Functional spintronics material/device
- Electrical control of magnetization and its application

Intelligent Systems

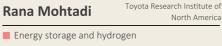
North America

■ Novel computing with spintronics



Michael Hirscher

- Hydrogen storage
- Porous materials
- Hydrogen isotope separation



- Beyond Li-ion batteries
- Energy conversion



Hirotomo Nishihara

- Nanoporous materials with single-graphene walls
- Force-responsive porous materials
- Energy storage and conversion



Shin-ichi Orimo

- Energy-related functions of metallic and inorganic hydrides
- Superionic-/super-conductivities of complex hydrides ■ Multivalent ion batteries using advanced hydrides



Tomohiro Otsuka

- Quantum devices
- Semiconductor and nanostructures
- Condensed matter low temperature physics



Yuji Sutou

- Phase transformation-type smart materials
- Polymorphic-change memory
- Lightweight alloys with functionality



Magda Titirici

- Imperial College London
- Hydrothermal carbonization
- Electrospinning
- Sustainable energy materials



Executive Research Coordinator Motoko Kotani

Tohoku University Executive Vice President for Research



Masaru Tsukada



■ Biomimetic polymer materials

- Nanostructured particles
- Organic electrocatalysts



Miho Yamauchi

Hiroshi Yabu

- Nanomaterials
- Hydrogen induced nanofunctions
- Electrolysis

Mathematical Science Group

Leader



Hiroshi Suito

- Mathematical modeling
- Simulation and visualization techniques
- Coupled problems in multi-physics Hiroyasu Ando
 - IoT Vehicle data analysis Energy and mobility network



Hayato Chiba

Infinite dimensional dynamical systems and its

■ Mathematics for computation harvesting

- Synchronization phenomena
- Time-delay differential equations Kazutoshi Inoue

■ Geometry of grain boudaries and dislocations

- Analysis of crystalline interfaces
- Nonlinear elastoplasticity



Motoko Kotani

- Discrete geometric analysis
- Topological phase
- Multiscale analysis

Hao Li

- Catalysis and materials theory
- Data science for materials design

■ Computational methodology development



Chris J. Pickard Structure prediction

Density functional theory ■ Interfaces and grain boundaries



Research Advise Yasumasa Nishiura

University of Cambridge

Advanced Target Projects

The ultimate goal of AIMR is to create materials based on a complete understanding and control of atoms and molecules — the smallest units for materials. To reach this goal, AIMR launched three new Advanced Target Projects (ATPs) in 2019. The ATPs aim to create materials that express new functions by connecting our understanding and ability to precisely control atoms and molecules to phenomena on the meso and macro scales.

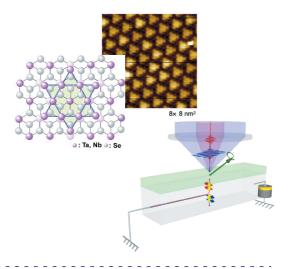


Local Structure Control in Topological **Functional Materials**

Advanced measurement and atomic control of local structures were established in TP2. To realize novel topological and quantum functional materials, a framework connecting "local" and "global" will be constructed by collaboration between materials science and mathematics.

Specific subjects of research

By developing field-effect ferromagnetic materials, topological insulators and spintronic materials, which are expected to be applied in next-generation electronics, we aim to create electronic and magnetic devices that contribute to the development of quantum computers.



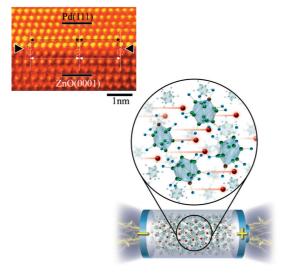


Integrated Control of Bond Variation and its Time Evolution

Computational homology was utilized for characterization of static complex structures in TP1. To reveal temporal and spatial feature of dynamic systems by multi-modality approach, persistent homology is combined with advanced imaging and simulation techniques.

Specific subjects of research

By controlling the time evolution of bond variation and higher hydrogen function, we will develop high-speed ion conductive materials and superconducting materials, and aim to create devices that contribute to energy creation and storage.



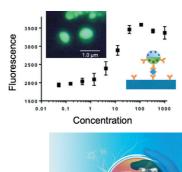


Improvement of Self-Organization Technology and Control of Biological Response

Universal description of hierarchical structures was studied in TP3. Such hierarchical structures have potential to become functional devices by controlling reactivity and response. Biological/non-biological interfaces and bio-networks are investigated to obtain a guiding principle in practical use of biological functions.

Specific subjects of research

By developing nano-bio-hybrid materials and biomimetic materials by utilizing self-organization, bio-imitation, or dynamic biological response, we aim to create devices that contribute to regenerative medicine and infectious disease control.





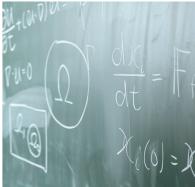


Math-Materials Collaboration

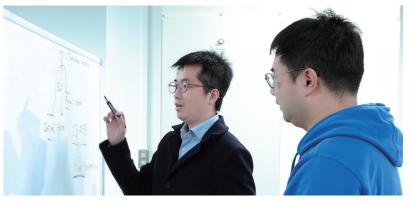












Collaboration between mathematics and materials science at the research institute level

At AIMR, a mathematical viewpoint is taken in, to accelerate the fusion research over different fields. Mathematics can provide a common language to all the fields of science, and simplify complicated phenomena to extract principles from them. Mathematics, therefore, stimulates interdisciplinary fusion of various fields to create new materials science.

In 2012, AIMR hired six interface researchers to strengthen the organization of mathematics-materials science collaboration, and they have acted as a bridge between

materials scientists and mathematicians. As a result of these efforts, material scientists and mathematicians could discuss directly without the need for an intermediary. In 2016, they evolved into the Mathematical Science Group consisting of mathematicians and theoretical researchers. In order to achieve the Advanced Target Projects, we are strongly promoting interdisciplinary research for the development of new materials and device creation by applying the advanced mathematics to the functionality issues in materials science.

Advanced Institute for Materials Resear

International Collaborations

Satellites and Partner Institutions

AIMR has concluded agreements with the three research institutes, which designate these institutes as Satellites for the implementation of bi-directional multidisciplinary exchange with AIMR. It has also utilized its network with the foreign PIs and adjunct professors to forge partnerships with frontline research institutions overseas, with the aim of conducting international joint research on materials science. There are currently seven international partner institutions.



■ The University of Chicago

University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA)Purdue University

Amherst

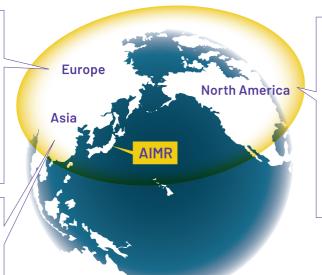
■ The University of Massachusetts



- University of Cambridge
- University College London (UCL)
- Imperial College London
- Max Planck Institute for Intelligent Systems

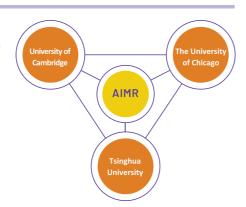


- Tsinghua University
- Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH)



AIMR Joint Research Center

AIMR has established AIMR Joint Research Centers, which function as research spaces at the Satellite institutes. Through these centers, AIMR aims to develop a system that places a particular focus on the implementation of joint research conducted together with leading materials research institutes in Europe, North America and Asia.



Global Intellectual Incubation and Integration Laboratory (GI³ Lab)

The Global Intellectual Incubation and Integration Laboratory (GI³ Lab) aims to strengthen international fusion/joint research with overseas institutes and construct a "worldwide visible center" by inviting excellent researchers and students (GI³ researchers) from all over the world. AIMR provides necessary measures to (1) senior

international researchers to be accepted by principal investigators (PIs) in Japan, (2) junior international researchers and students to be sent by PIs outside Japan, and (3) young researchers and students to be accepted or sent by AIMR PIs based on agreements with overseas satellites.

Fusion Research & Tea Time

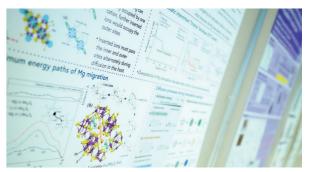
Promotion of Fusion Research

AIMR has injected particular effort into initiatives aimed at advancing research that is not restricted by the boundaries of existing research fields. Fusion research is an important approach in the creation of new scientific principles. The institute takes the following measures to promote such research activities.













AIMR Fusion Research Proposal Every year, AIMR researchers submit proposals for fusion research projects to be implemented within AIMR, The Director, Director of the Research Support Division, and respective Group Leaders review the proposals submitted, and the Director makes the decision on whether or not to adopt the proposals. Research grants are allocated to selected projects.

Friday Tea Time

Weekly held Friday Tea Time is where AIMR researchers and staff members can relax and talk freely while drinking coffee. Expectations of stimulating conversation may arise among the researchers and leading to new research.

AIMR Seminars

Seminars are presented by AIMR researchers and visiting scientists who provide a wide range of hot topics from materials science to mathematics. The aims of the AIMR Seminar are to build up mutual understanding, communication, and discussions of each other's research fields.

07

Top Innovation based on Basic Science

In promoting industry-academia collaboration, AIMR actively carries out joint research and commissioned research with research institutions and corporations at home and abroad. Below are sampling of projects that have been conducted.



Battery Industries

- Cathode materials for lithium-air batteries
- Synthetic processing of multicomponent substances for all-solid-state batteries



Hydrogen Industry

- Metal-based high-density hydrogen storage materials
- CO₂ emissions reduction: Novel chemical processes for hydrogen co-production



Semiconductor and Information Communication Industries

- New materials and measurement technologies for magnetoresistive non-volatile memory
- Photonic integrated circuits using synthetic dimensions and topological edge states



Resource Recycling Industry

- Highly efficient heat pump with natural refrigerants using nanoporous materials
- Chemical looping processes by low-temperature hydrocarbon reforming

Co-creation Research Center

The Co-creation Research Center is a liaison point between the university and companies that was established in the university and provides cross-departmental access to university researchers, knowledge, and facilities. This enables the planning and promotion of joint research, human resource development, and the promotion of a variety of collaborative activities, including partnerships with university-launched ventures.



SMM × Tohoku University GX Materials Science Co-Creation Research Center



3DC–Tohoku U Joint Research Laboratory: Transforming the World with GMS, a New Carbon Material

Open Innovation Center

AIMR has an Open Innovation Center with the aim of applying and expanding AIMR's research achievements in industrial fields.



Center of Mathematical Sciences for Open Innovation

For inquiries on how to leverage in industrial fields the leading-edge mathematical science accomplishments of AIMR, contact the **Center of Mathematical Sciences for Open Innovation** (email math_oi_info@grp.tohoku.ac.jp).



https://www.wpi-aimr.tohoku.ac.jp/cmsoi/





Open Innovation Center of Hydrogen Science for Green Transformation (GX)

For information on the industrial applications of hydrogen science and related GX research, contact the **Open Innovation Center of Hydrogen Science for Green Transformation (GX)**



https://www.wpi-aimr.tohoku.ac.jp/oic-hydrogen/index-e.html



To search for Tohoku University seeds or learn more about opportunities for collaboration with researchers, contact the **Industrial Liaison Division of the Head Office of Enterprise Partnerships, Tohoku University.**



https://www.rpip.tohoku.ac.jp/en/



G-RIPS (Graduate-level Research in Industrial Projects for Students) Sendai

The G-RIPS (Graduate-level Research in Industrial Projects for Students) Sendai is held at AIMR. The event has been sponsored by industrial companies such as Toyota Motor Corporation, Fujitsu Laboratories Ltd., and NEC Corporation. The program, originally initiated by IPAM (Institute for Pure & Applied Mathematics), UCLA in the United States, has been running since 2001 and was held in Japan for the first time in 2018. The aim of this project is to bring together the next generation of young research leaders, foster industry-academia collaboration and strengthen cross-cultural exchange.

The eight-week program offers graduate students in mathematics and related disciplines the opportunity to work on industry-partnered research problems. Students from Japan and the U.S. work on cross-cultural teams on research problems designed by the industrial partners, and present the results of their work in a final report. The projects offer a stimulating challenge, and involve both analytic and computational skills.



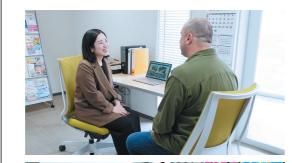






Support for International Researchers

Extensive and unique support is provided to international researchers at AIMR, i.e., various employment procedures necessary before and after their arrival in Japan, arrangements of Japanese language classes for the researcher and family, orientations, and rental goods. The main building of AIMR has a superb environment for international researchers with living quarters and speaking English as the official language to meet global standards.





Common Equipment Room

Dedicated technical coordinators manage common equipment and provide support for research technologies. They also create networks with internal and external research institutions pertaining to the joint use of experimentation equipment. The Unit carries out coordination work corresponding to the needs of researchers in order to ensure that researchers are also able to make use of equipment that is not available at the institute.

Major Equipments

- FE-SEM (Field-emission Scanning Electron Microscope); JEOL, JSM-7800F
- Sputtering System: ULVAC, QAM-4-S
- Laser Raman Spectrometer; HORIBA, LabRAM HR-800
- TG-DTA, DSC (Thermal Analysis Apparatus); RIGAKU, Thermo plus Evoll
- Xray Diffraction Measurement System (XRD); RIGAKU, SmartLab 9MTP
- Xray Diffraction Measurement System (Laue Camera); RIGAKU, RASCO 3M etc.



AIMR Advisory Board

(Surnames in alphabetical order)



Sadamichi Maekawa (Chair)

- Senior Advisor, Center for Emergent Matter Science (CEMS), RIKEN
- Professor Emeritus, Tohoku University



Giulia Galli

■ Liew Family Professor, Pritzker School of Molecular Engineering, The University of Chicago



Hatsumi Mori

■ Vice President, The University of Tokyo■ Professor, The Institute for Solid State Physics, The University of Tokyo



J. Georg Bednorz

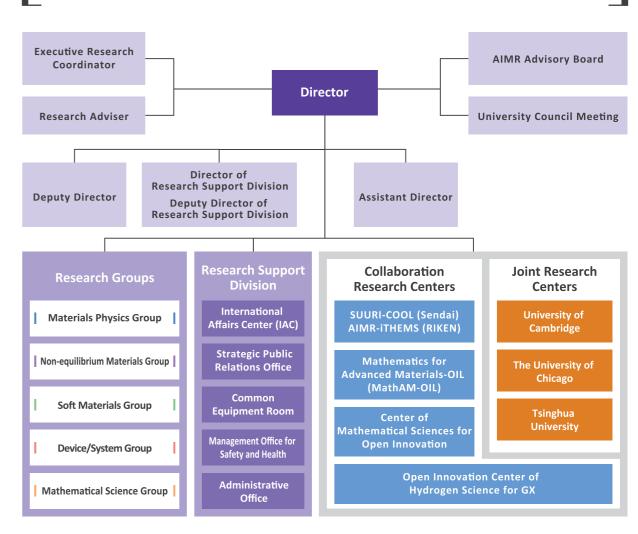
- Dr
- IBM Fellow Emeritus
- 1987 Physics Nobel Laureate



Masahiro Goto

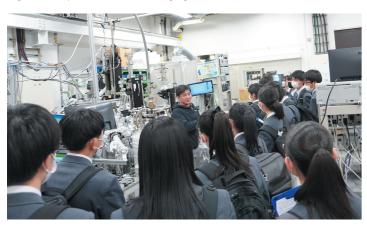
■ Professor, Department of Applied Chemistry, Graduate School of Engineering, Kyushu University

Organization Chart



PR & Outreach Activities

The Strategic Public Relations Office promotes worldwide awareness of AIMR as a top-level research institute, by putting out a wide range of information, including the latest research achievements, on the web, social networks and other media. It also engages in a variety of outreach activities aimed at promoting communication and mutual understanding with the general public. Events of various kinds are held jointly with the Japanese Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology and with other WPI centers, offering middle- and high-school students and the general public opportunities to see leading-edge science up close. In addition, facility tours welcoming local Sendai high schools in the science and mathematics field, among others, help to build stronger community ties. Through talks by young scientists on future career paths, and visits to research laboratories in various fields, such activities convey messages to the youth who will be forging the future of science.



To promote broad understanding in the local community of the research and educational activities of Tohoku University, the "Katahira Festival" is held biannually at research institutes mainly on the Katahira Campus, inviting the public to see the AIMR facilities and holding events including science experiments. After a long absence due to the pandemic, the Katahira Festival was held on-site in 2023 with many visitors.



